

NWGD 46

Dual Wiegand network interface supporting the APERIO wireless locks control

User's guide



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2 Product description

The **NWGD 46**¹⁾ dual Wiegand network interfaces are designed for connection of one or two readers, biometric sensors and similar devices with **WIEGAND output** (26, 34, 42 or 56 bits) and/or one or two **APERIO** wireless locks to the **APS BUS** of the APS 400 identification system. Up to 32 dual network interfaces can be connected to a single MCA 168 controller.

The dual network interfaces are delivered inside a cover for DIN rail mounting.

The **NWGD 46** is intended for connection of one or two standard readers with Wiegand interface independent of the identification technology and/or for control of the **APERIO** wireless locks. So, various reader technologies (HID proxy, iCLASS, Mifare, Mifare DesFire, Indala etc.) according to the needs of customers can be used in APS 400 identification system.

The module is designed for connecting readers without keypad or with reason keypad (entering a functional code) for time and attendance purposes, or for PIN pad readers.

The PIN code has 4 digit fixed length in APS 400 systems.



Pic. 1: NWGD 46

| |
|--|
| When a key press evaluation is required the keypad data transmission has to be configured as follows: One key buffering, message length 4 bits, no parity. |
|--|

| |
|---|
| ¹⁾ Commercial designation of available versions is described in <i>table 1</i> . |
|---|

3 Technical parameters

3.1 Product version

| | | | |
|---------|---------------------|------------------|---|
| Version | Product designation | Catalogue number | Attachable devices |
| | NWGD 46 | 54446400 | 2x reader with a standard WIEGAND output 2x APERIO wireless lock |

Table 1: Product version

3.2 NWGD 46 technical features

| | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Technical features | Supply voltage | | 8 ÷ 18 VDC |
| | Current demand | Typical | 70 mA |
| | | Maximal | 150 mA |
| | Memory | Cards | 2x 750 IDs (for emergency function) |
| | Inputs | | 2x 2 logical potential-free contacts |
| | Outputs | | 2x 2 relay NC/NO, 2A/24V |
| | Indicators | | LED indicators for communication and input/output status signaling on the PCB |
| | Tamper protection | | Terminals for external NC contact |
| | Reader interface | | 2x Wiegand, 2x LED, 2x PEZO, 2x power supply terminals |
| | APERIO locks interface | | 1x RS 485 for APERIO BUS |
| Communication interface | | 1x RS 485 – APS BUS | |

Table 2: Technical features of NWGD 46

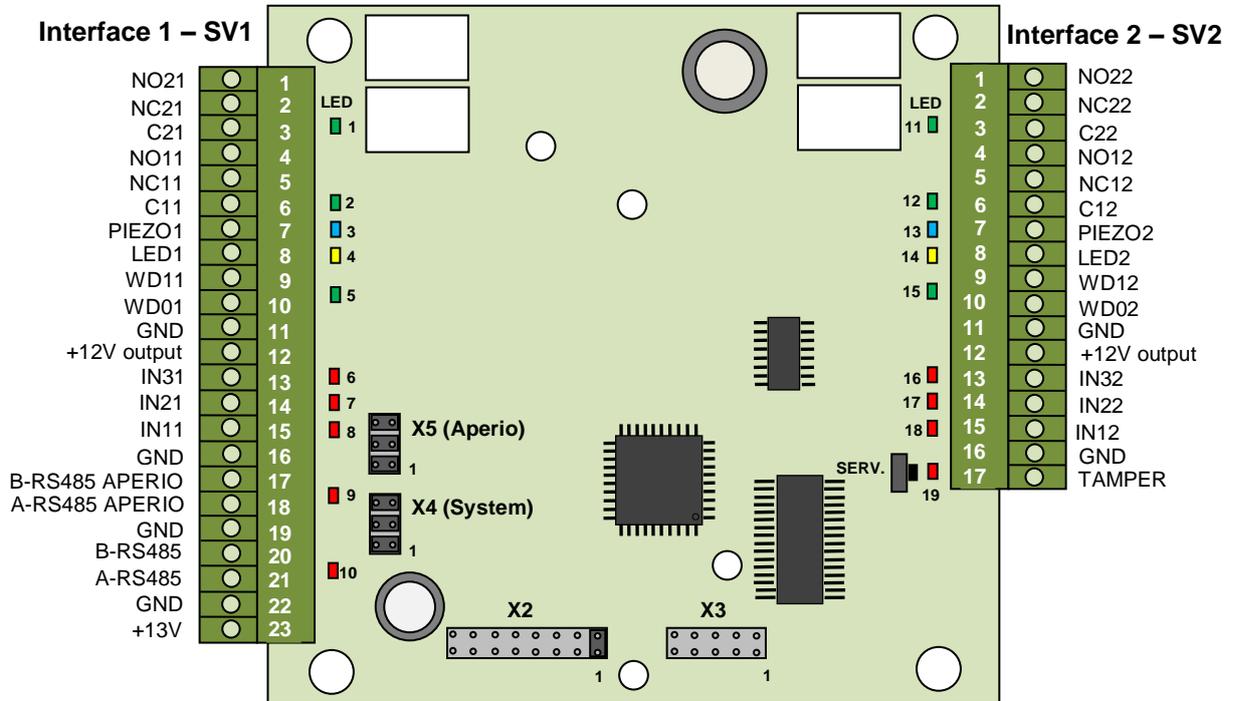
3.3 Mechanical design

| | | |
|--------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Design | Weight | 0,218 kg |
| | Operating temperature | -10°C ÷ +40°C |
| | Humidity | Max. 75%, non-condensing |
| | Environment | Indoor |
| | Dimensions | 6 DIN units, low profile |

Table 3: Mechanical design

4 Installation

4.1 Terminals and jumpers



Pic. 2 Terminals and jumpers

| | | |
|-----------------------|----------|----------------------|
| Configurat. X2 | X2.1 ÷ 6 | HW address (A0 ÷ A5) |
| | X2.7 ÷ 8 | Reserved |

Table 4: Configuration jumpers X2

| | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| RS 485 X4, X5 | X4(5).1 | Idle state definition (B) |
| | X4(5).2 | Idle state definition (A) |
| | X4(5).3 | Line terminator |

Table 6: Setting the RS 485 lines X4, X5

| | | |
|-----------|----------|-------------|
| X3 | X3.1 ÷ 5 | Factory use |
|-----------|----------|-------------|

Table 5: Factory use connector X3

| | | | |
|--------------------|----|----------------------|--------|
| Terminal block SV1 | 1 | Relay2 NO | LED 1 |
| | 2 | Relay2 NC | |
| | 3 | Relay2 C | |
| | 4 | Relay1 NO | LED 2 |
| | 5 | Relay1 NC | |
| | 6 | Relay1 C | |
| | 7 | Beeper (reader) | LED 3 |
| | 8 | LED (reader) | LED 4 |
| | 9 | Wiegand DATA 1 | LED 5 |
| | 10 | Wiegand DATA 0 | |
| | 11 | 0 V output | |
| | 12 | +12 V output | |
| | 13 | Input 3 (reserved) | LED 6 |
| | 14 | Input 2 | LED 7 |
| | 15 | Input 1 | LED 8 |
| | 16 | 0 V | |
| | 17 | B - RS 485 APERIO | LED 9 |
| | 18 | A - RS 485 APERIO | |
| | 19 | 0 V | |
| | 20 | B wire RS 485 | LED 10 |
| | 21 | A wire RS 485 | |
| | 22 | 0 V power supply | |
| | 23 | +13,8 V power s. | |

Tab. 7: Terminal block SV1 and LEDs

| | | | |
|--------------------|----|--------------------|--------|
| Terminal block SV2 | 1 | Relay2 NO | LED 11 |
| | 2 | Relay2 NC | |
| | 3 | Relay2 C | |
| | 4 | Relay1 NO | LED 12 |
| | 5 | Relay1 NC | |
| | 6 | Relay1 C | |
| | 7 | Beeper (reader) | LED 13 |
| | 8 | LED (reader) | LED 14 |
| | 9 | Wiegand DATA 1 | LED 15 |
| | 10 | Wiegand DATA 0 | |
| | 11 | 0 V output | |
| | 12 | +12 V output | |
| | 13 | Input 3 (reserved) | LED 16 |
| | 14 | Input 2 | LED 17 |
| | 15 | Input 1 | LED 18 |
| | 16 | 0 V | |
| | 17 | TAMPER | LED 19 |

Tab. 8: Terminal block SV2 and LEDs

| | | |
|---------|---------------|--|
| Service | 1 short click | Confirmation of config. change (X2) |
|---------|---------------|--|

Table 9: Service button

4.2 Standard connection (recommended, not obligatory) ²⁾

| | | |
|------------|----------|--|
| Connection | Input 1 | Door contact, active when door closed |
| | Input 2 | Request to exit button or handle contact, active when button or handle pressed |
| | Output 1 | Door lock control (relay1) |
| | Output 2 | AUX functions (relay2) |

Table 10: Standard connection

²⁾ The function of inputs and outputs is defined by user's programming of the controller.

4.3 LED Indicators

| LED indicators | Red LED 10 (9) | Continuously lit | Online operating mode via RS 485 |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| | | Blinking with 2s period | Offline mode, emergency function enabled |
| | | Short flashing with 1 s period | Offline mode, emergency function disabled |
| | Yellow LED 4 (14) | Copying the status of the second output | |
| | Red LED 10 | Communication on the system BUS | |
| | Red LED 9 | Communication on the APERIO BUS | |
| | Green LED 5 (15) | ID media reading from external reader or from APERIO lock reader | |
| | Green LED 6,7,8 (16,17,18) | Activated inputs TAM, IN2, IN1 | |
| | Green LED 1,2 (11,12) | Switched on relays RE2, RE1 | |
| | Blue LED 3 (13) | Activated beepers (PIEZO1,2 outputs) | |

Table 11: LED indicators

4.4 Installation instructions

The door module is intended for DIN rail mounting into a switchboard or directly on the wall using the DIN rail enclosed.

5 Setting parameters of the module

| Parameters | Parameter | Possible range | Default setting |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Enabling of emergency function | YES / NO | NO |
| | Address on a communication line | 1 ÷ 64 | 1 |
| | Keypad function | Reason / PIN / Code | Reason |
| | Operating mode | Standard/Wiegand OUT | Standard |
| All parameters are given by programming through the MCA 168 control module, see http://www.techfass.cz/files/aps_400_config_en.pdf | | | |

Table 12: Configurable parameters

5.1 Module parameters setting

Setting of all parameters of the reader module can be done only when the module is connected to the system bus of MCA 168 controller. Detailed instructions for setting reader module parameters are described in the *APS 400 Network Reader* configuration program user's guide available at: http://www.techfass.cz/files/m_aps_400_network_reader_en.pdf.

5.2 HW address setting

HW address setting is defined by the configuration of address jumpers X2.1 ÷ 6 (tab. 4, tab. 13).

When configure the address jumpers it is necessary to keep in mind that the module occupies two successive addresses on system bus and X2 jumpers define the lower one. E.g., it is not possible to set the following module address to the value of the previous one + 1; the address conflict appears on system bus in this case.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Address Jumpers X2 | Address | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | | |
| | X2.1 | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | | <i>Table 13: Address jumpers</i> |
| | X2.2 | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.3 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.4 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.5 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | |
| | X2.6 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | |
| | Address | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | <i>Legend:</i> | |
| | X2.1 | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.2 | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.3 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.4 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.5 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.6 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | |
| | Address | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | <i>... set (ON)</i> | |
| | X2.1 | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.2 | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| | X2.3 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | | |
| X2.4 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | |
| X2.5 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | |
| X2.6 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | | | |
| Address | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | <i>... removed (OFF)</i> | | |
| X2.1 | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | ● | ○ | | | |
| X2.2 | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | | | |
| X2.3 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ● | ○ | | | |
| X2.4 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | |
| X2.5 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | | |
| X2.6 | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ● | ○ | | | |

Confirmation of any address setting by clicking the service button on the PCB is required. If not the address change will be taken into account after the nearest disconnecting and connecting of the module supply voltage.

5.3 Configuration of the reader keypad

The door controller can accommodate either reader without keypad or keypad readers. When a key press evaluation is required by the door controller, the keypad data transmission has to be configured as follows:

- One key buffering.

- Message length 4 bits.
- No parity.

5.4 WIEGAND input data interpretation

5.4.1 Standard configuration

The module accepts the *WIEGAND* formats mentioned in the *table 14*. If the read signal is formatted otherwise, the data are not considered as valid and thus ignored. If another format of data is required to be considered as valid, it is necessary to set up the *User configuration* of the data read at the WIEGAND input. The table also shows the process used for individual width of read data.

| Accepted formats | Read data width | Process | Resulting code width |
|------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------|
| | 26 bits | Parity bits cut off (in front and at the back) | 24 bits |
| | 32 bits | Data bytes reversed | 32 bits |
| | 34 bits | Parity bits cut off (in front and at the back) | 32 bits |
| | 37 bits | Parity bits cut off (in front and at the back) | 35 bits |
| | 42 bits | Parity bits cut off (in front and at the back) | 40 bits |
| | 44 bits | Last 4 bits cut off | 40 bits |
| | 56 bits | Data bytes reversed | 56 bits |

Table 14: Accepted formats of read WIEGAND data– standard configuration

5.4.2 User configuration

The module offers an option to use the *user configuration of WIEGAND input interpretation*. By default the user configuration is not used. To enable user configuration, see the user's guide to the *APS 400 Network Reader* program, which is available at http://www.techfass.cz/files/m_aps_miniplus_reader_en.pdf.

Note: User configuration *WIEGAND input* requires a deeper knowledge of the issue; we recommend leaving the setting to an installation company.

6 Interface module functioning

6.1 Operating modes

The NWGD 46 dual Wiegand interfaces are intended for online operating mode on APS 400 system BUS (*APS BUS*). The activity of the modules is defined by the system controller; so the modules are able to provide various functions not only controlling of the door.

In case of the communication line fails the modules can work in offline mode (when the *emergency function* is enabled) - it concerns the exit readers mostly. The “Door Open“ function for last 748 valid cards registered before can be performed in this mode only.

6.2 Emergency “Door Open” function description

When the “Door Open“ function is activated, the door lock is released and the beeper activated until the door is open or 5 s door lock release time has elapsed.

All events triggered while the offline mode is in progress are saved neither in the controller nor in the module memory.

6.3 Using the module with the *APERIO* wireless locks

The module enables connection of two *APERIO* wireless locks to the *RS 485 BUS* reserved for the *APERIO* communication. The locks are identified by their HW addresses at the *APERIO* BUS, the *NWGD 46* interface expects locks with *addresses 1 and 2*. Since such lock is connected to the BUS, the module opens communication with it immediately. The resources of the module belonging to its lower address (access rights, events archive, etc.) are used for the lock with HW address 1, resources belonging to its higher address are used for the lock with HW address 2.

Reading an ID at the *APERIO* lock reader raises an identification event at the relevant address of the module. According to the access rights evaluation a *Valid*, *Invalid* or *Unknown* event is raised. If the program of the system controller *activates its first (lock) output* at relevant address, the *APERIO wireless lock is released*.

Since the *APERIO* wireless lock is powered from a battery, it is “waked up” from a power saving mode (in which it standardly operates) only after an ID is read at its sensor, otherwise it saves battery and is not able to respond to the commands of the module. Therefore the *APERIO* lock release can be performed only after a valid card is read at its sensor. Activating the relay output of the module *does not affect the APERIO wireless lock* any other time than after reading an ID (such functions are bound to the interface lock relays only)!

6.4 *Aperio* – autodetection of Mifare sector reading

The older version of *Aperio* wireless locks FW occasionally misinterprets *Mifare DESFIRE* IDs as Mifare sector data IDs. This error can be compensated (since *FW version 2.78*) from the ACS side by selecting *Disable auto detection of Mifare sector data*. More information can be found in the user’s guide to the APS 400 Network Reader program.

7 Useful links

- Wiring diagrams: <http://techfass.cz/diagrams-aps-400-en.html>
- Program equipment: <http://techfass.cz/software-and-documentation-en.html>